



促进云计算创新发展 培育信息产业新业态

# 第七届中国云计算大会

## OW2 and Cloud Computing Standardization Cedric Thomas, OW2 CEO



## Agenda

OW2



- Open Cloud
- Cloud Challenges
- Open Standards
- OCCI
- OCCIware




0> The freedom to **run** the software for any purpose

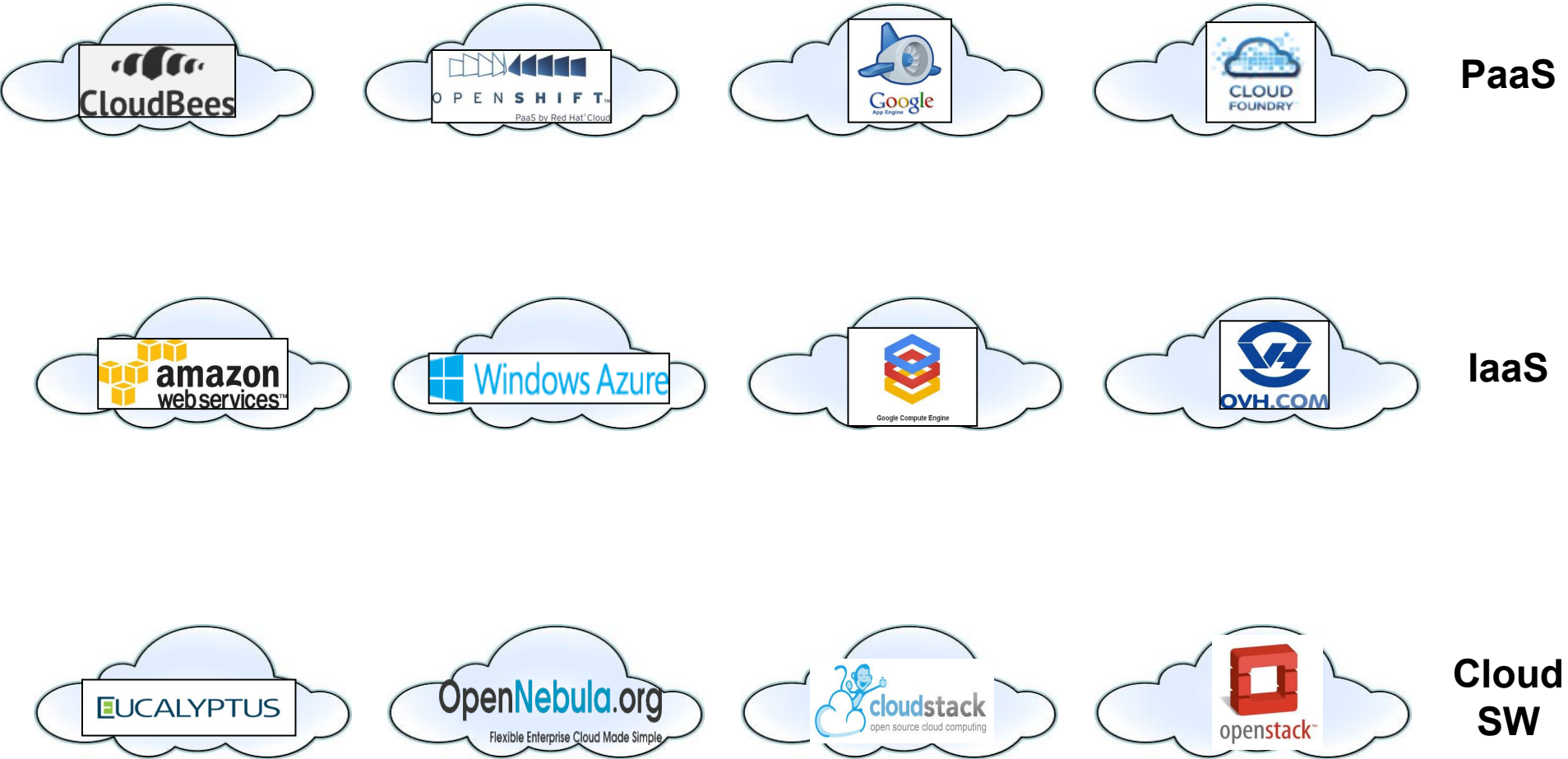
1> The freedom to **study** how the software works and to adapt it to your needs

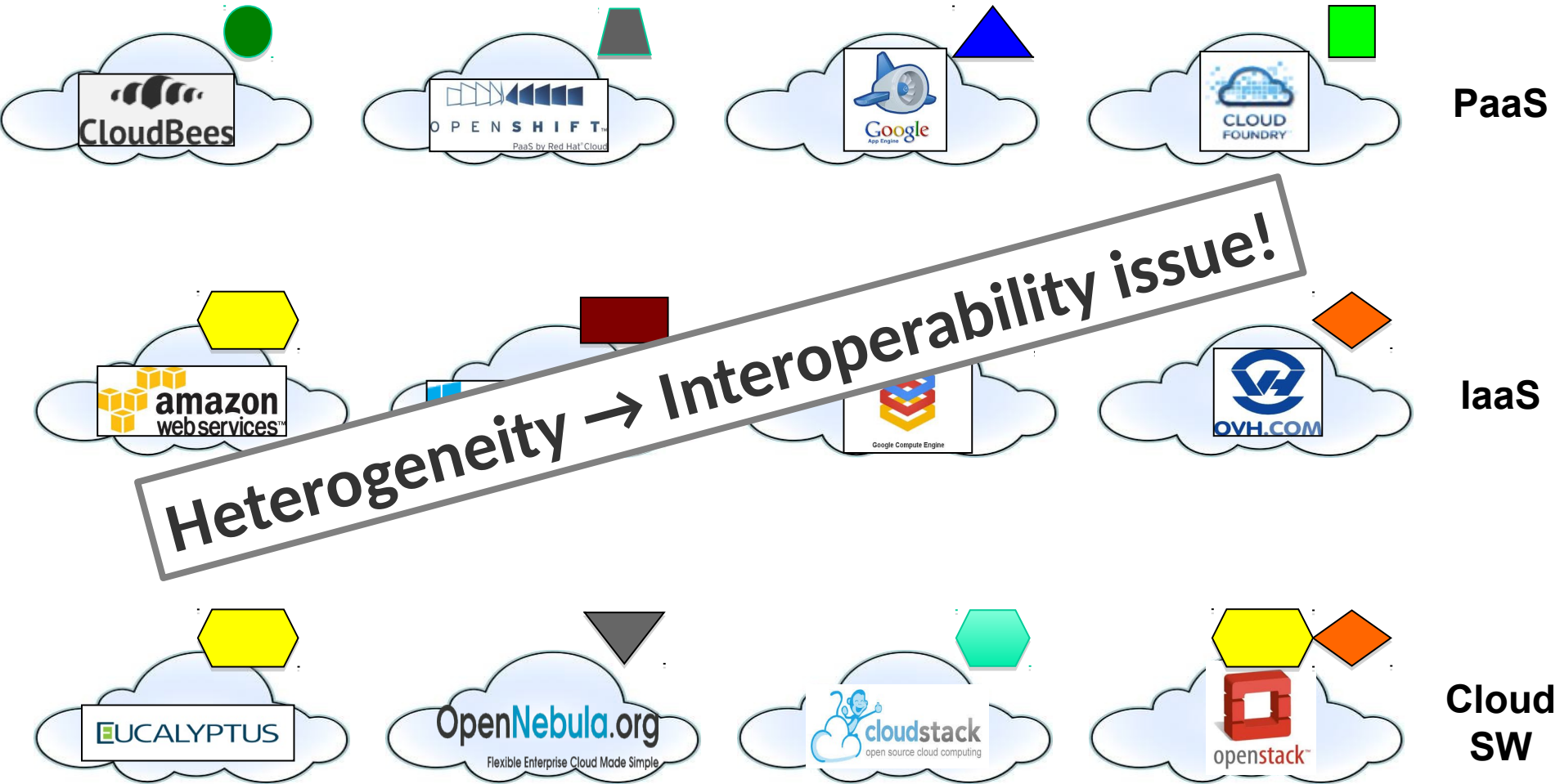
2> The freedom to **redistribute** copies of the software

3> The freedom to **improve** the software and distribute your improvements to the public



No barriers to entry  
No barriers to exit  
No discrimination  
Interoperability  
Free/Open source licenses  
Technological neutrality  
Transparency



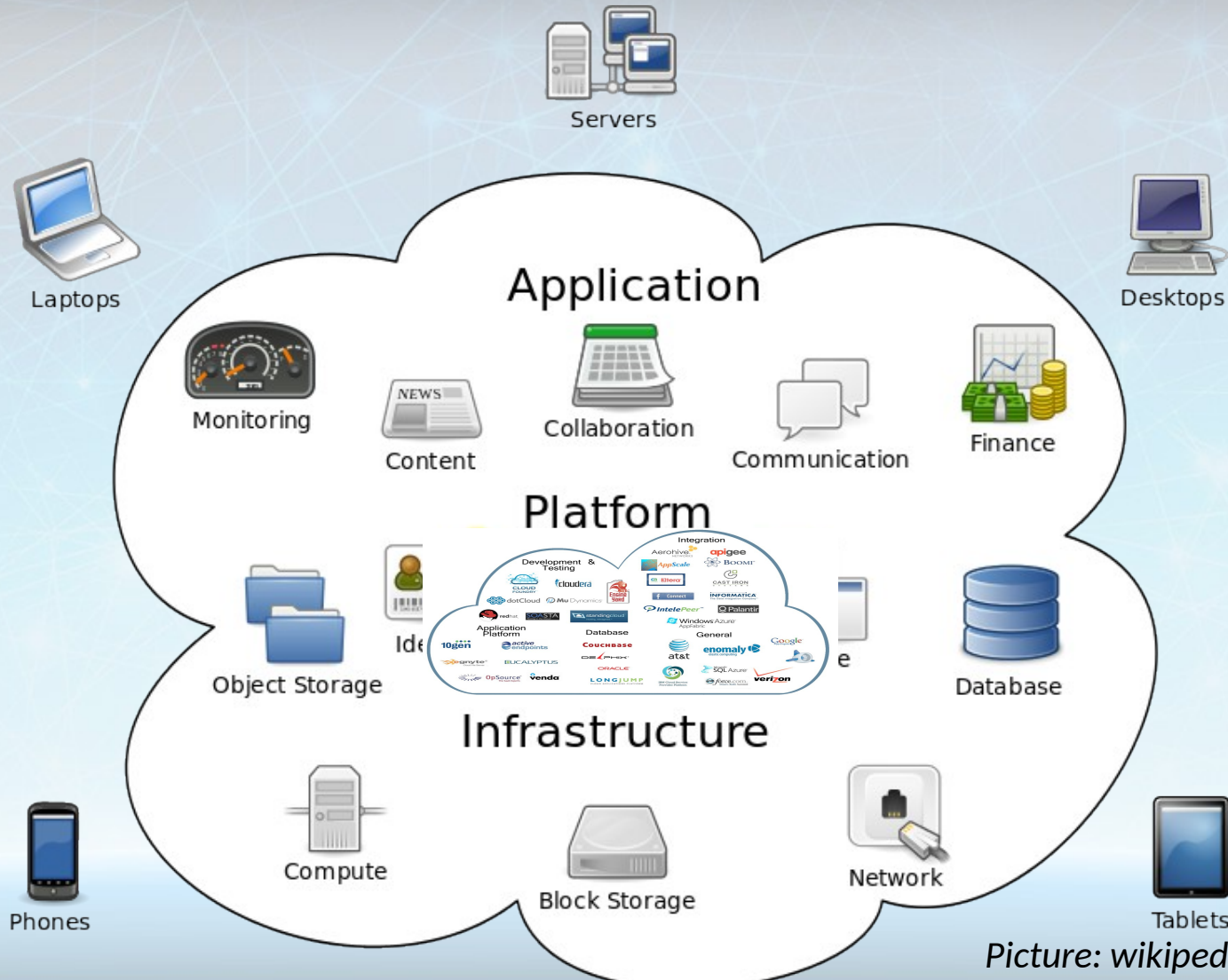


## *Ccloud Challenge:* **Interoperability**



- Today's cloud computing model is not compliant with the original *utility* model
  - Electricity, Telephone, etc.
- Interoperability **isilos**
  - Intra-organization or within close ecosystems
- Today's private and public cloud services are not interoperable

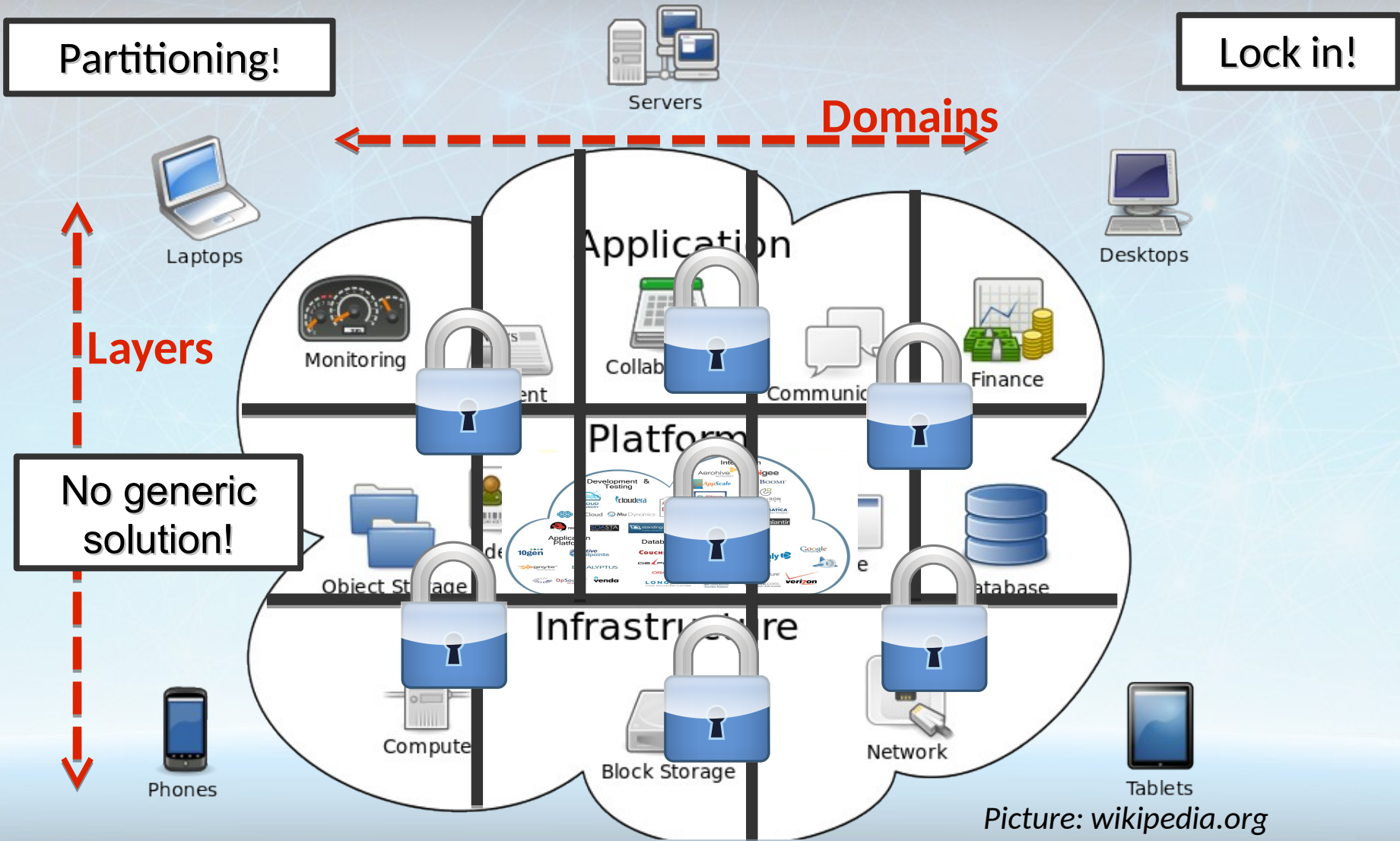




Picture: wikipedia.org

Partitioning!

Lock in!



Picture: wikipedia.org

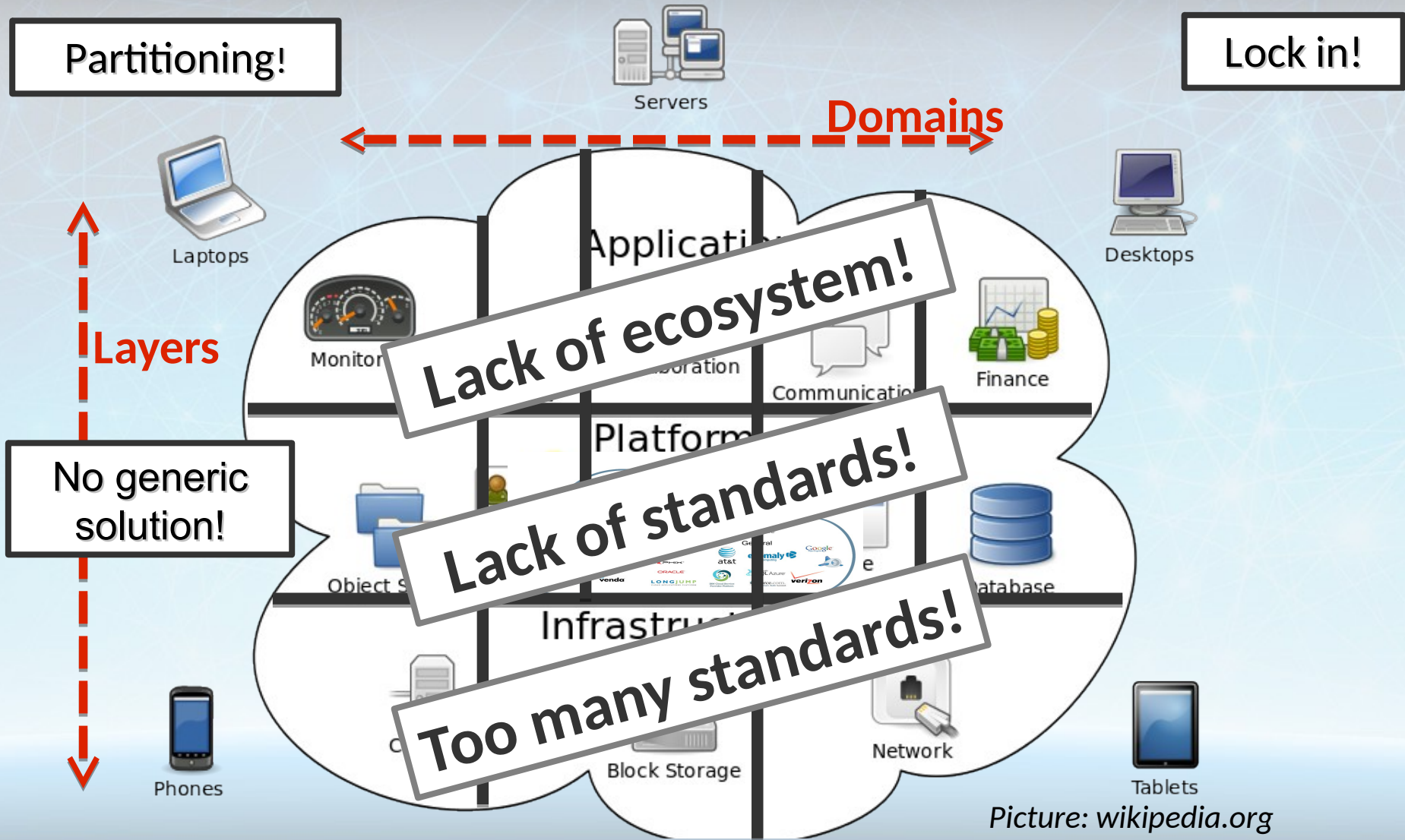
## *Cloud Challenge:* **Inefficiencies**



- **Customer lock-in**
  - Lack of interoperability
- **High application maintenance cost**
  - Provider and technology dependencies
- **Information and systems planning uncertainty**
  - Fast technology transition and obsolescence

Partitioning!

Lock in!



Picture: wikipedia.org

## *Cloud Challenge:* **Standards**



- Cloud innovation ahead of standards
- Cloud technologies are driven by technology and service providers
- Standards are defined by vendors

## Open Standards can help and are preferable to Proprietary Standards

Open standards



< Interoperability >

Proprietary standards

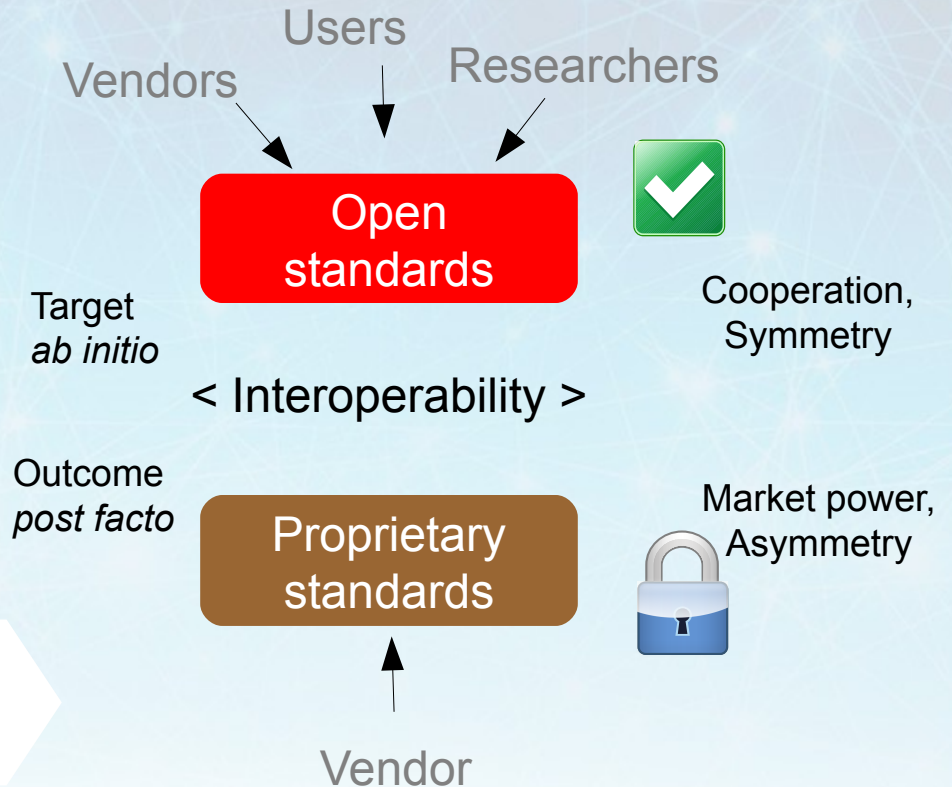


Open Standards are defined by consensus among multiple stakeholders. Transparent, but slow work-group-based decision process.

Cooperatively defined open standards are designed to foster interoperability *ab initio*. All stakeholders share equal information.

Proprietary standards are designed to grow initiator market power. Asymmetric information between initiator and followers.

Proprietary standards can be modified **without notice**, thus keeping owner ahead of competition and followers.



## Organizations Work on Open Standards for Cloud Computing

- Distributed Management Task Force - DMTF
- Open Cloud Consortium – OCC
- Open Grid Forum – OGF
- Storage Networking Industry Association - SNIA
- Cloud Security Alliance – CSA



## OCCI: Open Cloud Computing Interface



- Delivered through the Open Grid Forum
- Open community-led specification
- Vendor-independent, platform-neutral
- General-purpose set of specifications: IaaS, PaaS, SaaS
- Object: cloud-based interactions with resources

## OCCI is...

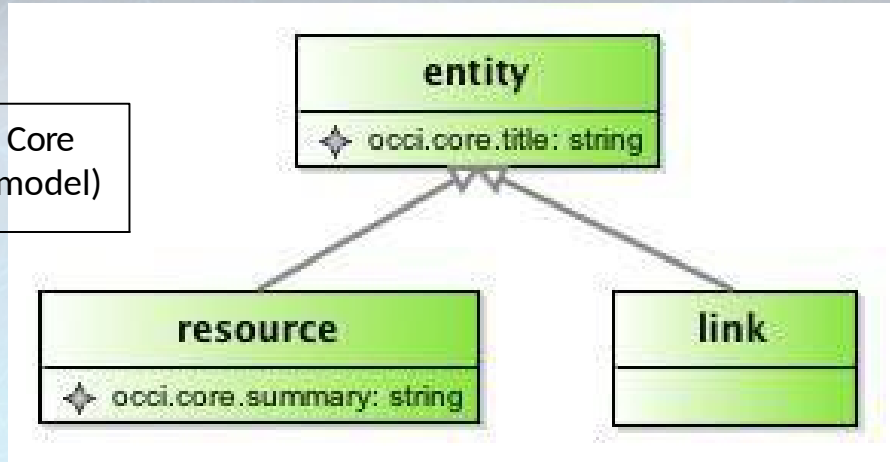


- Typed
  - Resources are well identified
- Extensible
  - Resources added with “mixins”
- Relational
  - One single way to describe links
- Self-described
  - Server tells how to works with it
- Meta-model based
  - Techno agnostic impementation



## OCCI 101

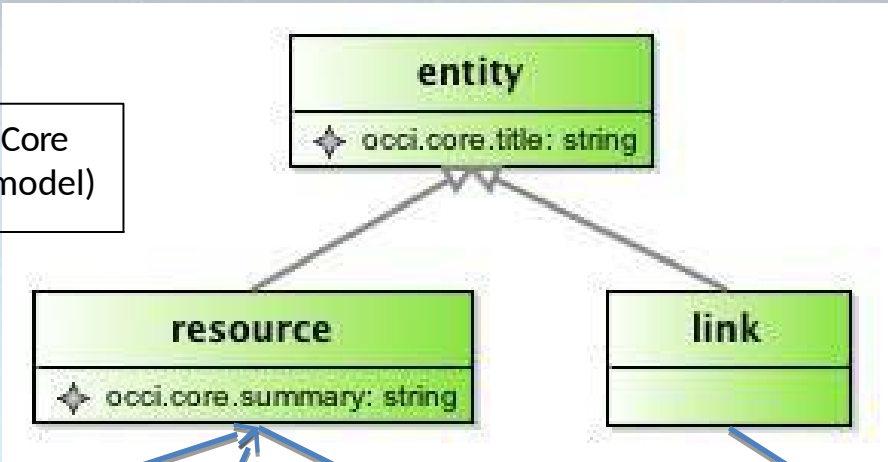
OCCI Core  
(metamodel)



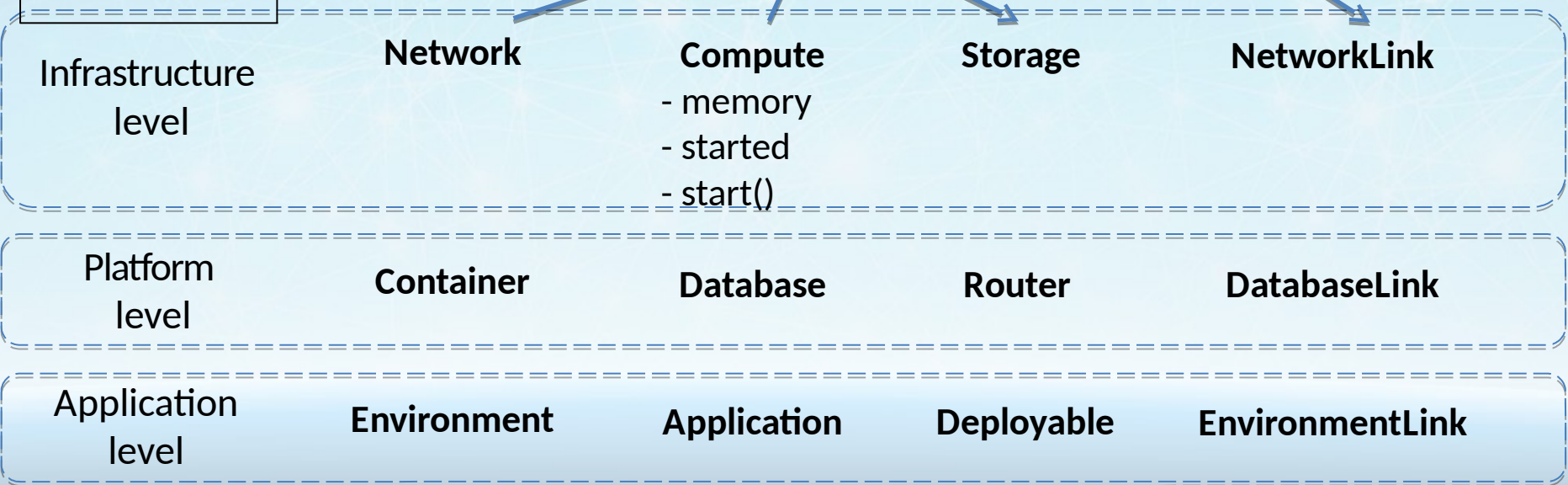


## OCCI 101

OCCI Core  
(metamodel)



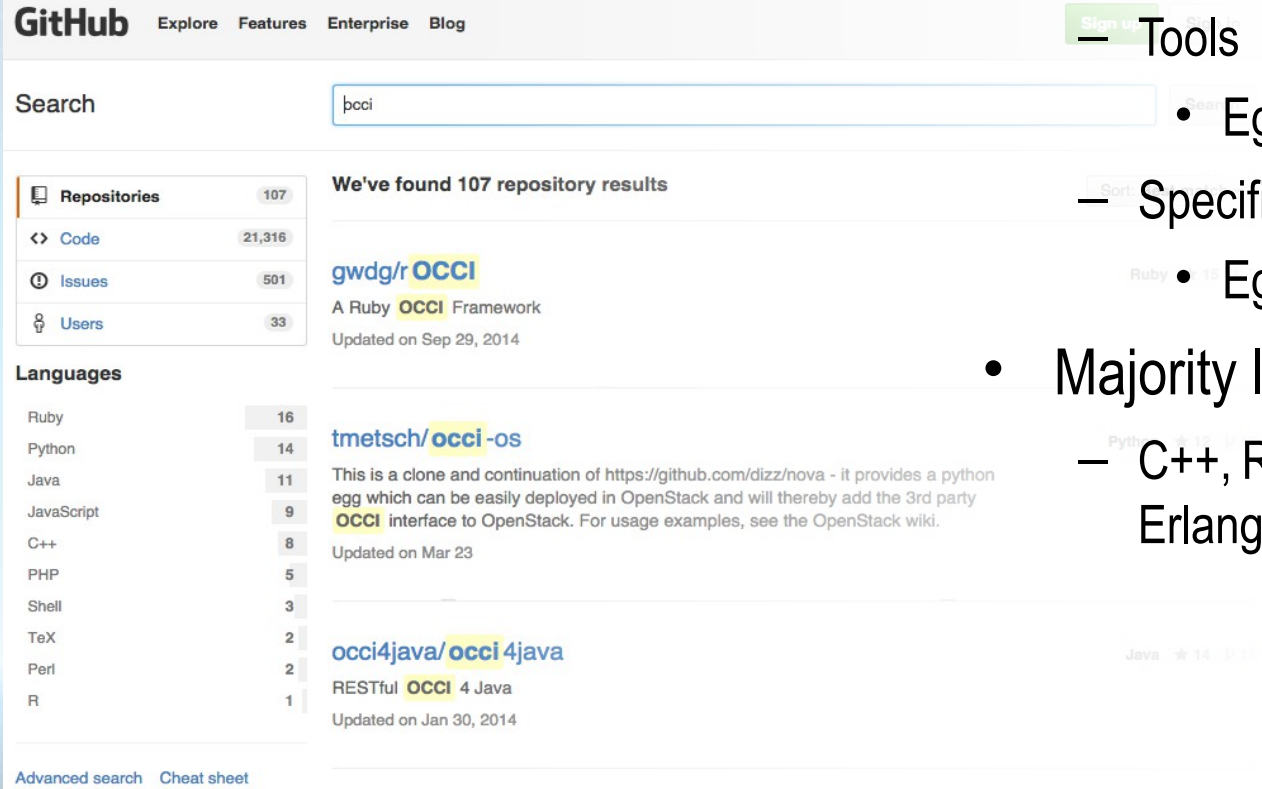
OCCI Extensions  
(models)





## Growing the OCCI Ecosystem

- Over 100 projects on GitHub
  - Frameworks
    - Eg: Erocci



The screenshot shows the GitHub search interface with the search term 'occi'. The search results are categorized into 'Repositories' (107), 'Code' (21,316), 'Issues' (501), and 'Users' (33). A 'Languages' sidebar lists various programming languages with their respective repository counts. The main results list includes:

- gwdg/r-occi**: A Ruby OCCI Framework, updated on Sep 29, 2014.
- tmetsch/occi-os**: This is a clone and continuation of https://github.com/dizz/nova - it provides a python egg which can be easily deployed in OpenStack and will thereby add the 3rd party OCCI interface to OpenStack. For usage examples, see the OpenStack wiki. Updated on Mar 23.
- occi4java/occi4java**: RESTful OCCI 4 Java, updated on Jan 30, 2014.

- Tools
  - Eg: Intel
  - Specific implementations
    - Eg, Cloud, IoT, etc.
- Majority languages supported
  - C++, Ruby, Perl, Python, Java, Erlang, Javascript, etc.

<http://occi-wg.org/community/implementations/>



[Home](#) [About](#) [Community](#) [Blog](#)

## OCCI implementations

Foo



### OCCI & Erlang

erOCCI is a framework for building OCCI like API (similar to rOCCI or pyOCNI), with the following objectives: 100%...



### OCCI in CloudStack

CloudStack now has an OCCI implementation! The implementation is an extension to rOCCI and has been provided...



- Already broadly implemented in popular cloud infrastructure
- Should evolve beyond infrastructure



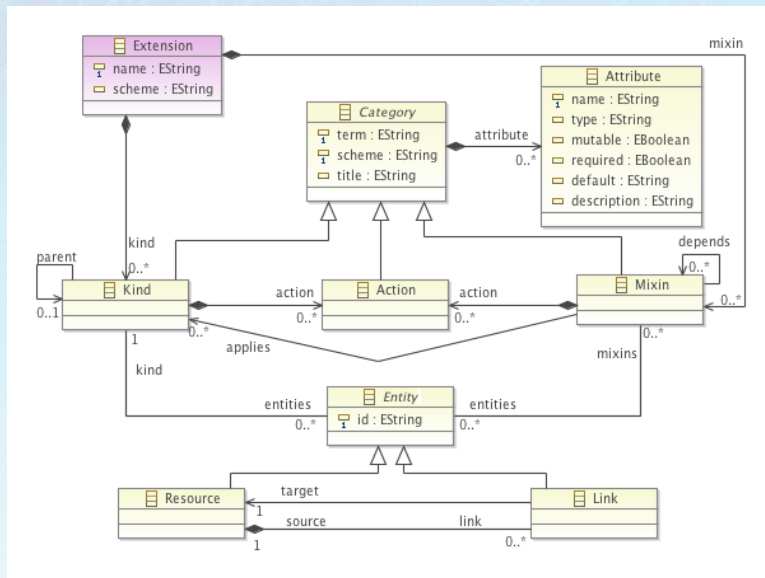
- Bring to OCCI the power of formal languages and model driven engineering (MDE)
- The OCCI IDRE: a formal, model-driven platform to manage any cloud resource
- Collaborative project
  - Open source project
  - 3 Years, 860 Pms, €5.6m
  - 10 partners







## A formal model



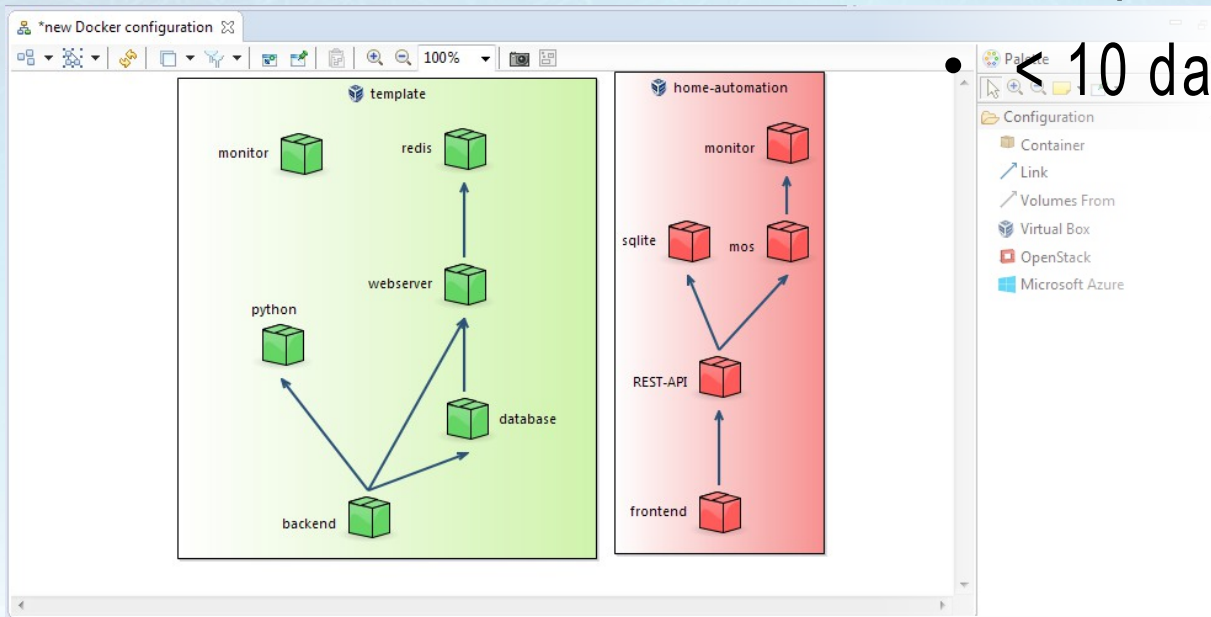
- OCCI Based Formal Meta-Model
- ECore (Eclipse Modeling Framework)
- Extensible datatype system
- Introduces Extension and Configuration concepts
  - Ability to generate tools: editors, simulators, etc

“A Precise Metamodel for Open Cloud Computing Interface”, IEEE CLOUD 2015, NYC, USA



## Cloud Designer

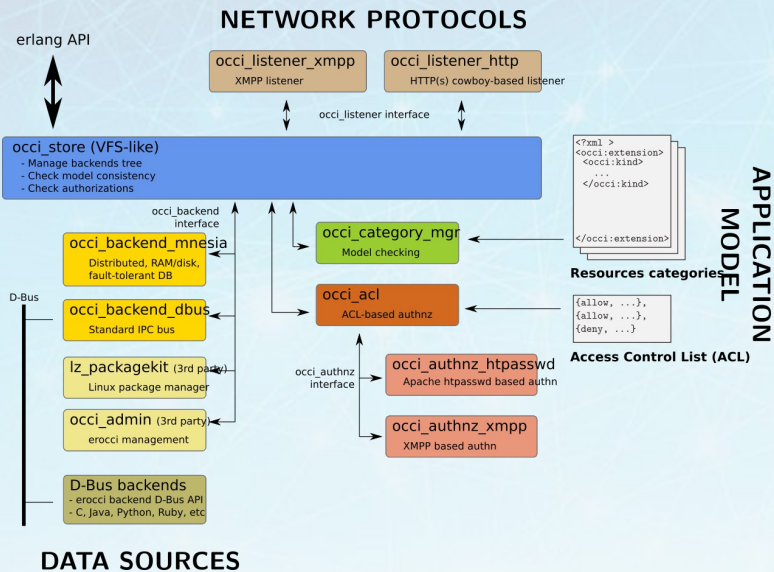
- Docker dedicated designer
- Define, start, stop containers
- Graphical UI
- < 10 days dev effort





## Erocci Runtime

- Model-driven generic OCCI runtime
- Listeners: HTTP + XMPP listeners
- Backends: Mnesia (DB), D-Bus
- Pluggable authentication
- Erlang/OTP based
- Website: <http://erocci.ow2.org>

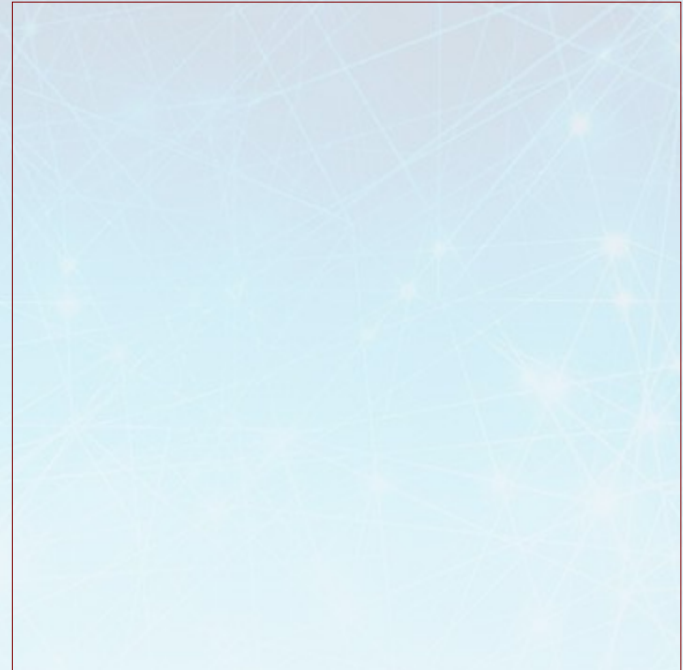




## OCCIware In Action

- Developers
  - Automatic deployment
- Managers
  - Cost simulation, analysis, optimisation
- Datacenter as a Service
  - IaaS, including bare-metal, + monitoring + elasticity management
- Deploy@OCCIware
  - Deployment + (re)configuration interoperability
- BigData/HPC
  - Middleware deployment
  - JOB Scheduling
- LinkedData as a Service
  - Open Data platform

You Are Welcome  
To Join OCCIware

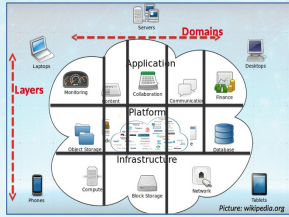


## Summary

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云计算效应  
a cloud, as a space for fill-in and to locate the multiplier effect

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The 7th China  
Cloud Computing  
Conference